

Dibromido(2,3-di-2-pyridylpyrazine- $\kappa^2 N^2,N^3$)palladium(II)

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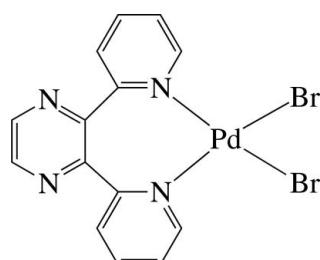
Received 9 November 2011; accepted 24 November 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 200\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.007\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.034; wR factor = 0.086; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.8.

The Pd^{II} ion in the title complex, $[\text{PdBr}_2(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_4)]$, is four-coordinated in a slightly distorted square-planar environment by the two pyridine N atoms of the chelating 2,3-di-2-pyridylpyrazine (dpp) ligand and two bromide anions. The pyridine rings are considerably inclined to the least-squares plane of the PdBr_2N_2 unit [maximum deviation = 0.080 (2) \AA], making dihedral angles of 64.9 (1) and 66.4 (1) $^\circ$. The pyrazine ring is perpendicular to the unit plane, with a dihedral angle of 89.0 (1) $^\circ$. In the crystal, the complex molecules are stacked in columns along the a axis and connected by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Br}$ hydrogen bonds, forming a helical chain along the b axis.

Related literature

For related structures of $[\text{Pd}X_2(\text{dpp})]$ ($X = \text{Cl}, \text{I}$), see: Ha (2011a,b). For related Pt, Pd and Mn complexes, see: Granifo *et al.* (2000); Armentano *et al.* (2003); Delir Kheirollahi Nezhad *et al.* (2008); Cai *et al.* (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $[\text{PdBr}_2(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_4)]$ $M_r = 500.48$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ $a = 8.515 (2)\text{ \AA}$ $b = 15.408 (4)\text{ \AA}$ $c = 11.941 (3)\text{ \AA}$ $\beta = 101.129 (5)^\circ$ $V = 1537.3 (7)\text{ \AA}^3$ $Z = 4$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 6.40\text{ mm}^{-1}$ $T = 200\text{ K}$ $0.26 \times 0.11 \times 0.10\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD

diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2000) $T_{\min} = 0.689, T_{\max} = 1.000$

9366 measured reflections

2998 independent reflections

2384 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.046$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$ $wR(F^2) = 0.086$ $S = 1.03$

2998 reflections

190 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.84\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.56\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Selected geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$).

Pd1–N3	2.029 (4)	Pd1–Br1	2.4183 (8)
Pd1–N4	2.031 (4)	Pd1–Br2	2.4288 (8)
N3–Pd1–N4	87.44 (14)	Br1–Pd1–Br2	92.99 (3)

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C11–H11 \cdots Br1 ⁱ	0.95	2.88	3.670 (5)	141
Symmetry code: (i) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$				

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

This work was supported by the Priority Research Centers Program through the National Research Foundation of Korea (NRF) funded by the Ministry of Education, Science and Technology (2010-0029626).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZJ2038).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, m1896 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811050525]

Dibromido(2,3-di-2-pyridylpyrazine- $\kappa^2 N^2,N^3$)palladium(II)

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Comment

Polypyridyl ligands have received considerable attention in coordination chemistry owing to the diverse coordination modes of the ligands (Granifo *et al.*, 2000; Armentano *et al.*, 2003; Delir Kheirollahi Nezhad *et al.*, 2008; Cai *et al.*, 2009).

The title complex, $[PdBr_2(dpp)]$ ($dpp = 2,3\text{-di-2-pyridylpyrazine, } C_{14}H_{10}N_4$), is isomorphous with the previously reported analogous complexes $[PdX_2(dpp)]$ ($X = Cl, I$) (Ha, 2011*a,b*). The Pd^{II} ion is four-coordinated in a slightly distorted square-planar environment by the two pyridine N atoms of the chelating dpp ligand and two bromide anions (Fig. 1). The coordination mode of the dpp ligand is similar to that found in the mononuclear Pt(II) and Pd(II) complexes $[PtCl_2(dpq)]$ ($dpq = 2,3\text{-di-2-pyridylquinoxaline}$) (Granifo *et al.*, 2000) and $[MCl_2(dcdpp)]$ ($M = Pt, Pd$; $dcdpp = 2,3\text{-dicyano-5,6-di-2-pyridylpyrazine}$) (Cai *et al.*, 2009).

The contributions to the distortion of square are the $N3-Pd1-N4$ chelate angle of $87.44(14)^\circ$ and Br—Br repelling, and therefore the *trans* axes are slightly bent [$<Br1-Pd1-N4 = 173.69(10)^\circ$ and $<Br2-Pd1-N3 = 177.29(10)^\circ$]. The $Pd-N$ and $Pd-Br$ bond lengths are nearly equivalent, respectively (Table 1). In the crystal, the two pyridine rings are considerably inclined to the least-squares plane of the $PdBr_2N_2$ unit [maximum deviation = $0.080(2)\text{ \AA}$], making dihedral angles of $64.9(1)^\circ$ and $66.4(1)^\circ$. The nearly planar pyrazine ring [maximum deviation = $0.022(3)\text{ \AA}$] is perpendicular to the unit plane with a dihedral angle of $89.0(1)^\circ$. The dihedral angle between the two pyridine rings is $78.84(1)^\circ$. The complex molecules are stacked in columns along the a axis and connected by $C-H\cdots Br$ hydrogen bonds, forming a helical chain along the b axis (Fig. 2 and Table 2). The hydrogen bonding mode is similar to that observed in the isotypic complex $[PdI_2(dpp)]$ (Ha, 2011*b*). By contrast, in the chloro analog $[PdCl_2(dpp)]$, two independent intermolecular $C-H\cdots Cl$ hydrogen bonds generate a layer structure extending parallel to the ab plane (Ha, 2011*a*). Along the b axis, successive molecules stack in the opposite directions. In the columns, numerous inter- and intramolecular $\pi-\pi$ interactions between the six-membered rings are present, the shortest ring centroid-centroid distance being $3.849(3)\text{ \AA}$.

Experimental

To a solution of K_2PdBr_4 (0.2513 g, 0.498 mmol) in MeOH (30 ml) was added 2,3-di-2-pyridylpyrazine (0.1188 g, 0.506 mmol) and refluxed for 3 h. The formed precipitate was separated by filtration, washed with MeOH, and dried at $50\text{ }^\circ C$, to give a yellow powder (0.2150 g). Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation from a CH_3NO_2 /acetone solution.

supplementary materials

Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their respective parent atoms [C—H = 0.95 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$]. The highest peak (0.84 e Å⁻³) and the deepest hole (-0.56 e Å⁻³) in the difference Fourier map are located 0.88 Å and 0.69 Å from the atom Br1, respectively.

Figures

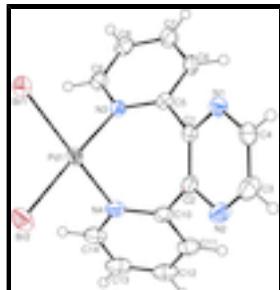


Fig. 1. The structure of the title complex, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 40% probability level; H atoms are shown as small circles of arbitrary radius.

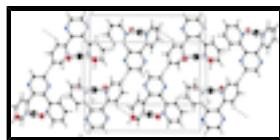


Fig. 2. View of the hydrogen-bond interactions of the title complex. Hydrogen-bonds are drawn with dashed lines.

Dibromido(2,3-di-2-pyridylpyrazine- κ^2N^2,N^3)palladium(II)

Crystal data

[PdBr ₂ (C ₁₄ H ₁₀ N ₄)]	$F(000) = 952$
$M_r = 500.48$	$D_x = 2.162 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	Cell parameters from 4302 reflections
$a = 8.515 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.6\text{--}26.0^\circ$
$b = 15.408 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 6.40 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 11.941 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 200 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 101.129 (5)^\circ$	Block, yellow
$V = 1537.3 (7) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.26 \times 0.11 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD diffractometer	2998 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	2384 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
φ and ω scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.046$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.2^\circ$
	$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$

(SADABS; Bruker, 2000)

$T_{\min} = 0.689$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

9366 measured reflections

$k = -18 \rightarrow 15$

$l = -14 \rightarrow 14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Least-squares matrix: full

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

$wR(F^2) = 0.086$

H-atom parameters constrained

$S = 1.03$

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.036P)^2 + 0.1829P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

2998 reflections

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

190 parameters

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.84 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

0 restraints

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.56 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Pd1	0.52714 (4)	0.06214 (2)	0.31928 (3)	0.02593 (12)
Br1	0.38710 (6)	-0.07475 (3)	0.31457 (4)	0.03824 (16)
Br2	0.28059 (6)	0.14467 (4)	0.26892 (5)	0.04539 (18)
N1	0.8184 (5)	0.0074 (3)	0.0802 (3)	0.0343 (9)
N2	0.7670 (5)	0.1852 (3)	0.0770 (3)	0.0398 (10)
N3	0.7370 (4)	-0.0038 (2)	0.3554 (3)	0.0252 (8)
N4	0.6582 (5)	0.1732 (2)	0.3405 (3)	0.0307 (9)
C1	0.8039 (5)	0.0504 (3)	0.1757 (4)	0.0259 (10)
C2	0.7740 (5)	0.1390 (3)	0.1735 (4)	0.0301 (11)
C3	0.7795 (6)	0.1421 (4)	-0.0176 (4)	0.0420 (13)
H3	0.7716	0.1729	-0.0873	0.050*
C4	0.8037 (6)	0.0538 (3)	-0.0161 (4)	0.0383 (12)
H4	0.8101	0.0250	-0.0853	0.046*
C5	0.8369 (5)	-0.0063 (3)	0.2804 (4)	0.0257 (10)
C6	0.9677 (6)	-0.0606 (3)	0.2958 (4)	0.0348 (12)

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H6	1.0364	-0.0613	0.2419	0.042*
C7	0.9980 (6)	-0.1141 (3)	0.3906 (4)	0.0403 (13)
H7	1.0860	-0.1531	0.4017	0.048*
C8	0.8991 (6)	-0.1098 (3)	0.4681 (4)	0.0354 (12)
H8	0.9202	-0.1447	0.5349	0.042*
C9	0.7696 (6)	-0.0552 (3)	0.4493 (4)	0.0295 (11)
H9	0.7011	-0.0532	0.5033	0.035*
C10	0.7647 (5)	0.1935 (3)	0.2749 (4)	0.0315 (11)
C11	0.8591 (6)	0.2670 (3)	0.2963 (4)	0.0398 (13)
H11	0.9325	0.2813	0.2485	0.048*
C12	0.8459 (7)	0.3190 (3)	0.3869 (5)	0.0455 (14)
H12	0.9106	0.3694	0.4031	0.055*
C13	0.7370 (7)	0.2973 (4)	0.4548 (4)	0.0467 (15)
H13	0.7255	0.3326	0.5179	0.056*
C14	0.6474 (6)	0.2249 (3)	0.4294 (4)	0.0390 (13)
H14	0.5735	0.2099	0.4765	0.047*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Pd1	0.0282 (2)	0.0277 (2)	0.0233 (2)	0.00439 (15)	0.00855 (14)	0.00168 (14)
Br1	0.0316 (3)	0.0399 (3)	0.0447 (3)	-0.0018 (2)	0.0111 (2)	-0.0006 (2)
Br2	0.0450 (3)	0.0547 (4)	0.0378 (3)	0.0204 (3)	0.0114 (2)	0.0097 (2)
N1	0.044 (2)	0.032 (2)	0.030 (2)	0.0060 (19)	0.0149 (18)	0.0043 (18)
N2	0.050 (3)	0.034 (3)	0.036 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.009 (2)	0.010 (2)
N3	0.0271 (19)	0.024 (2)	0.026 (2)	-0.0015 (17)	0.0076 (16)	-0.0005 (16)
N4	0.044 (2)	0.022 (2)	0.026 (2)	0.0063 (18)	0.0077 (18)	0.0030 (16)
C1	0.022 (2)	0.030 (3)	0.027 (2)	-0.0020 (19)	0.0067 (18)	0.003 (2)
C2	0.029 (2)	0.033 (3)	0.030 (3)	-0.005 (2)	0.009 (2)	0.004 (2)
C3	0.053 (3)	0.043 (4)	0.030 (3)	-0.008 (3)	0.010 (2)	0.006 (2)
C4	0.046 (3)	0.042 (3)	0.031 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.017 (2)	0.000 (2)
C5	0.025 (2)	0.026 (3)	0.025 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.0019 (18)	0.0001 (19)
C6	0.026 (2)	0.042 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.002 (2)	0.010 (2)	0.006 (2)
C7	0.029 (3)	0.042 (3)	0.049 (3)	0.004 (2)	0.006 (2)	0.011 (3)
C8	0.036 (3)	0.029 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.001 (2)	0.002 (2)	0.012 (2)
C9	0.034 (3)	0.031 (3)	0.023 (2)	-0.001 (2)	0.0033 (19)	0.001 (2)
C10	0.035 (3)	0.026 (3)	0.033 (3)	0.006 (2)	0.002 (2)	0.007 (2)
C11	0.040 (3)	0.031 (3)	0.045 (3)	-0.002 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.002 (2)
C12	0.053 (4)	0.024 (3)	0.052 (3)	-0.002 (2)	-0.010 (3)	-0.005 (3)
C13	0.071 (4)	0.034 (3)	0.030 (3)	0.010 (3)	-0.003 (3)	-0.002 (2)
C14	0.055 (3)	0.033 (3)	0.029 (3)	0.012 (3)	0.009 (2)	0.003 (2)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Pd1—N3	2.029 (4)	C4—H4	0.9500
Pd1—N4	2.031 (4)	C5—C6	1.376 (6)
Pd1—Br1	2.4183 (8)	C6—C7	1.384 (7)
Pd1—Br2	2.4288 (8)	C6—H6	0.9500
N1—C4	1.339 (6)	C7—C8	1.368 (7)

N1—C1	1.345 (6)	C7—H7	0.9500
N2—C3	1.333 (6)	C8—C9	1.371 (7)
N2—C2	1.346 (6)	C8—H8	0.9500
N3—C5	1.349 (5)	C9—H9	0.9500
N3—C9	1.357 (6)	C10—C11	1.385 (7)
N4—C10	1.344 (6)	C11—C12	1.368 (7)
N4—C14	1.345 (6)	C11—H11	0.9500
C1—C2	1.388 (6)	C12—C13	1.385 (8)
C1—C5	1.506 (6)	C12—H12	0.9500
C2—C10	1.488 (6)	C13—C14	1.353 (7)
C3—C4	1.374 (7)	C13—H13	0.9500
C3—H3	0.9500	C14—H14	0.9500
N3—Pd1—N4	87.44 (14)	C6—C5—C1	118.7 (4)
N3—Pd1—Br1	88.74 (10)	C5—C6—C7	119.3 (5)
N4—Pd1—Br1	173.69 (10)	C5—C6—H6	120.3
N3—Pd1—Br2	177.29 (10)	C7—C6—H6	120.3
N4—Pd1—Br2	91.01 (11)	C8—C7—C6	118.9 (5)
Br1—Pd1—Br2	92.99 (3)	C8—C7—H7	120.6
C4—N1—C1	117.1 (4)	C6—C7—H7	120.6
C3—N2—C2	117.7 (4)	C7—C8—C9	120.0 (4)
C5—N3—C9	118.6 (4)	C7—C8—H8	120.0
C5—N3—Pd1	121.0 (3)	C9—C8—H8	120.0
C9—N3—Pd1	119.9 (3)	N3—C9—C8	121.5 (5)
C10—N4—C14	118.5 (4)	N3—C9—H9	119.2
C10—N4—Pd1	122.7 (3)	C8—C9—H9	119.2
C14—N4—Pd1	118.6 (4)	N4—C10—C11	121.1 (5)
N1—C1—C2	121.0 (4)	N4—C10—C2	119.4 (4)
N1—C1—C5	112.6 (4)	C11—C10—C2	119.4 (4)
C2—C1—C5	126.1 (4)	C12—C11—C10	119.4 (5)
N2—C2—C1	120.9 (4)	C12—C11—H11	120.3
N2—C2—C10	113.4 (4)	C10—C11—H11	120.3
C1—C2—C10	125.3 (4)	C11—C12—C13	119.2 (5)
N2—C3—C4	121.2 (5)	C11—C12—H12	120.4
N2—C3—H3	119.4	C13—C12—H12	120.4
C4—C3—H3	119.4	C14—C13—C12	118.7 (5)
N1—C4—C3	121.9 (5)	C14—C13—H13	120.6
N1—C4—H4	119.0	C12—C13—H13	120.6
C3—C4—H4	119.0	N4—C14—C13	123.0 (5)
N3—C5—C6	121.7 (4)	N4—C14—H14	118.5
N3—C5—C1	119.6 (4)	C13—C14—H14	118.5
N4—Pd1—N3—C5	-71.4 (3)	N1—C1—C5—C6	44.7 (6)
Br1—Pd1—N3—C5	113.6 (3)	C2—C1—C5—C6	-130.3 (5)
N4—Pd1—N3—C9	116.8 (3)	N3—C5—C6—C7	-0.1 (7)
Br1—Pd1—N3—C9	-58.2 (3)	C1—C5—C6—C7	-178.9 (4)
N3—Pd1—N4—C10	61.5 (4)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-1.7 (8)
Br2—Pd1—N4—C10	-116.3 (3)	C6—C7—C8—C9	2.1 (8)
N3—Pd1—N4—C14	-113.0 (3)	C5—N3—C9—C8	-1.1 (6)
Br2—Pd1—N4—C14	69.3 (3)	Pd1—N3—C9—C8	170.9 (3)

supplementary materials

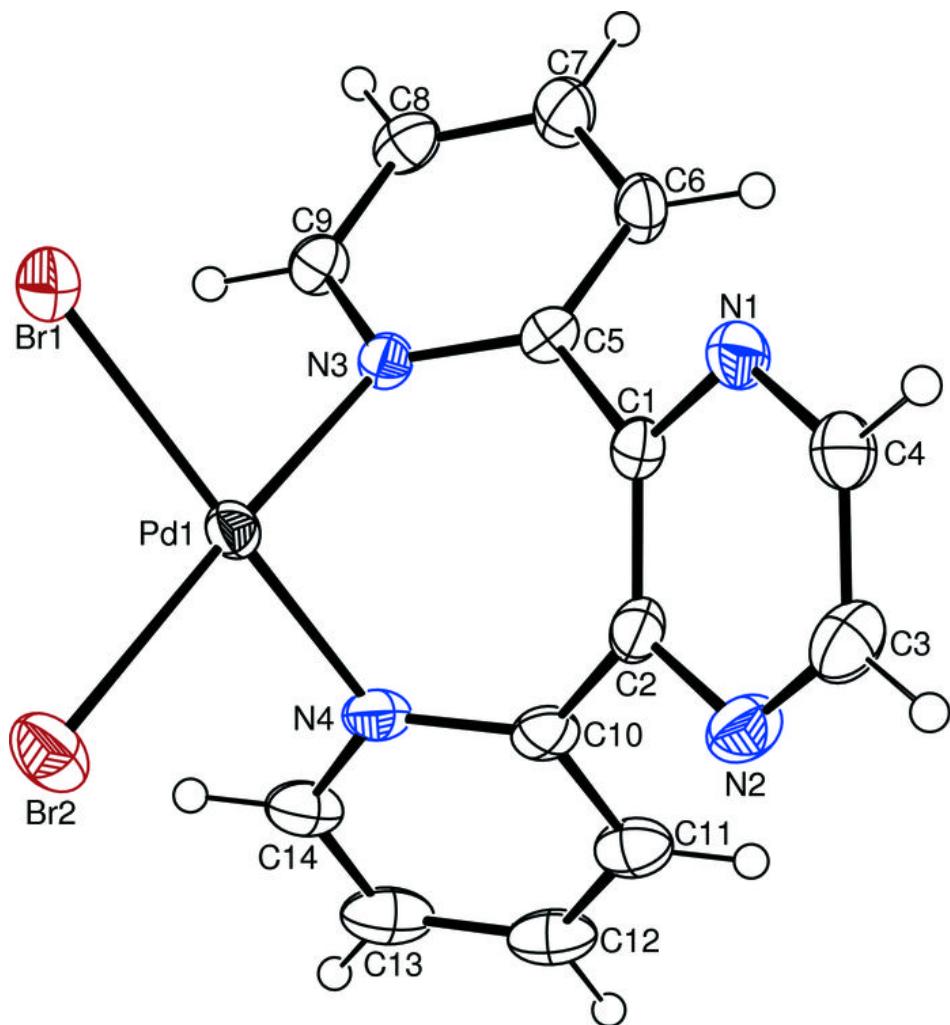
C4—N1—C1—C2	0.4 (6)	C7—C8—C9—N3	-0.7 (7)
C4—N1—C1—C5	-174.9 (4)	C14—N4—C10—C11	-1.5 (7)
C3—N2—C2—C1	4.2 (7)	Pd1—N4—C10—C11	-175.9 (3)
C3—N2—C2—C10	178.0 (4)	C14—N4—C10—C2	-177.6 (4)
N1—C1—C2—N2	-3.5 (7)	Pd1—N4—C10—C2	7.9 (6)
C5—C1—C2—N2	171.1 (4)	N2—C2—C10—N4	129.0 (4)
N1—C1—C2—C10	-176.5 (4)	C1—C2—C10—N4	-57.6 (6)
C5—C1—C2—C10	-1.9 (7)	N2—C2—C10—C11	-47.3 (6)
C2—N2—C3—C4	-1.9 (8)	C1—C2—C10—C11	126.2 (5)
C1—N1—C4—C3	1.9 (7)	N4—C10—C11—C12	1.2 (7)
N2—C3—C4—N1	-1.1 (8)	C2—C10—C11—C12	177.4 (4)
C9—N3—C5—C6	1.5 (6)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-0.6 (8)
Pd1—N3—C5—C6	-170.4 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.3 (8)
C9—N3—C5—C1	-179.7 (4)	C10—N4—C14—C13	1.1 (7)
Pd1—N3—C5—C1	8.4 (5)	Pd1—N4—C14—C13	175.8 (4)
N1—C1—C5—N3	-134.1 (4)	C12—C13—C14—N4	-0.5 (8)
C2—C1—C5—N3	50.8 (6)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\cdots H$	$D—H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D—H\cdots A$
C11—H11 ⁱ —Br1 ⁱ	0.95	2.88	3.670 (5)	141.

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+3/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$.

Fig. 1



supplementary materials

Fig. 2

